



ENISA Threat Landscape: Risk Management facilitation

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Threat Intelligence is key to all sectors of ISMS/Risk Management:



Dynamicity

Risk: [Asset, Vulnerabilities, Controls],



[Threat, Threat Agent],



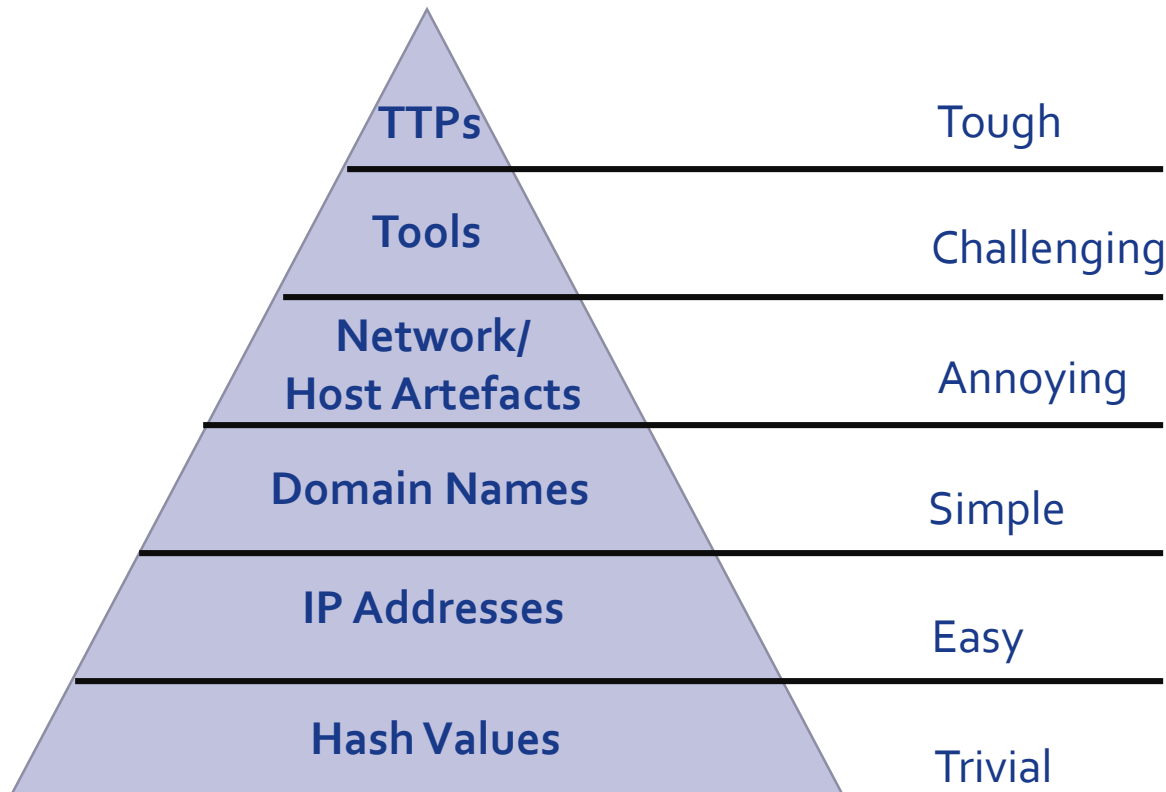
[Impact, Value, Influence]



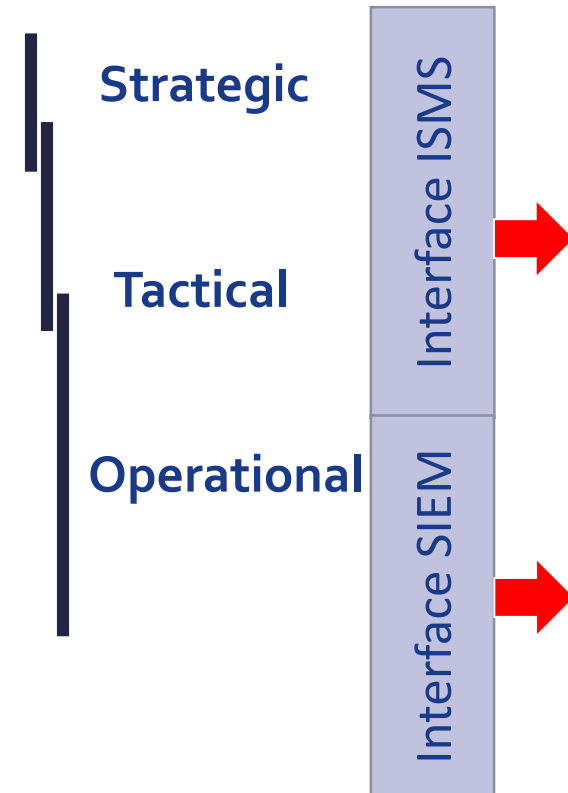
Threat Information is a pyramid



Difficulty of defence

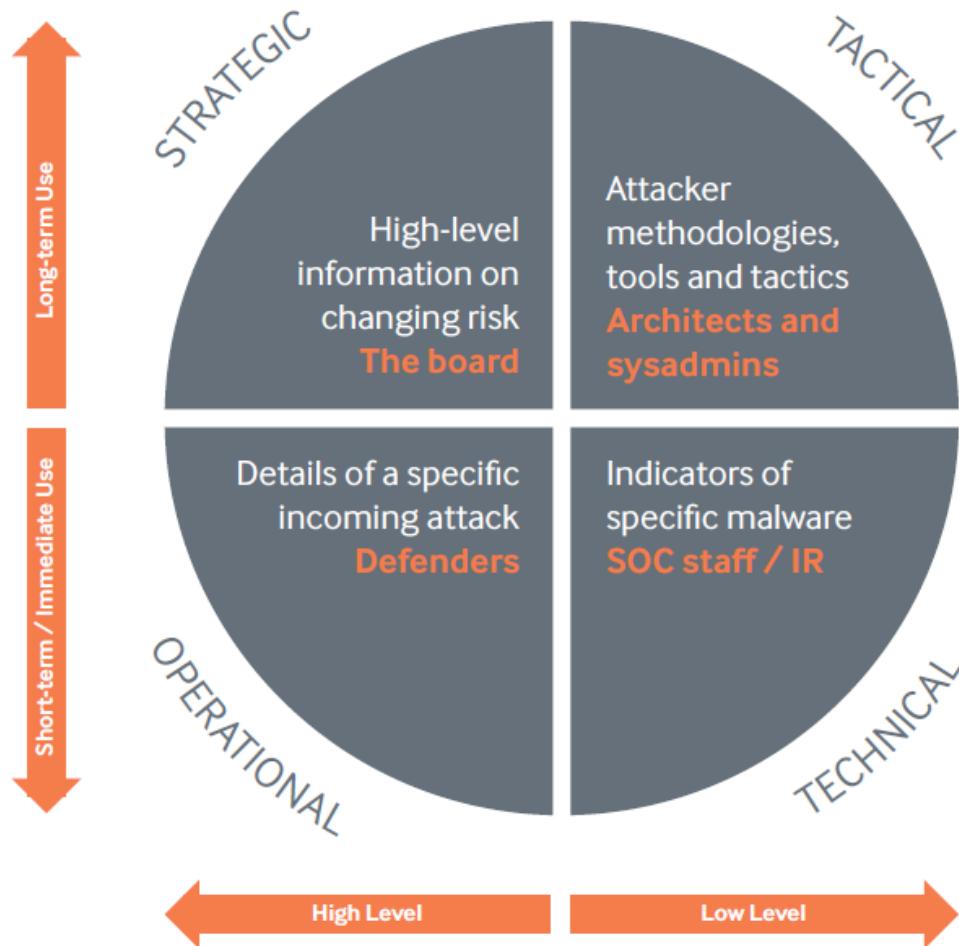


Types of information

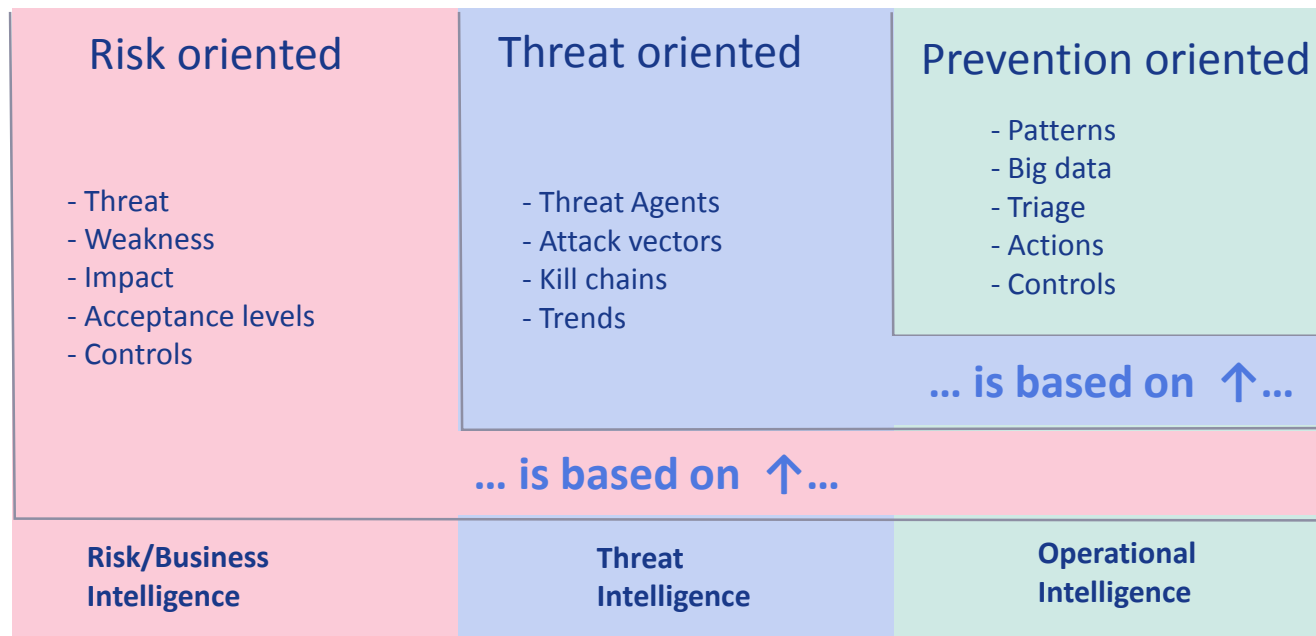


<http://detect-respond.blogspot.gr/2013/03/the-pyramid-of-pain.html>

Threat Landscape/Intel Overview



Positioning Threat Intelligence



We need to ***increase*** reaction speed at all levels!

The ENISA Threat Landscape



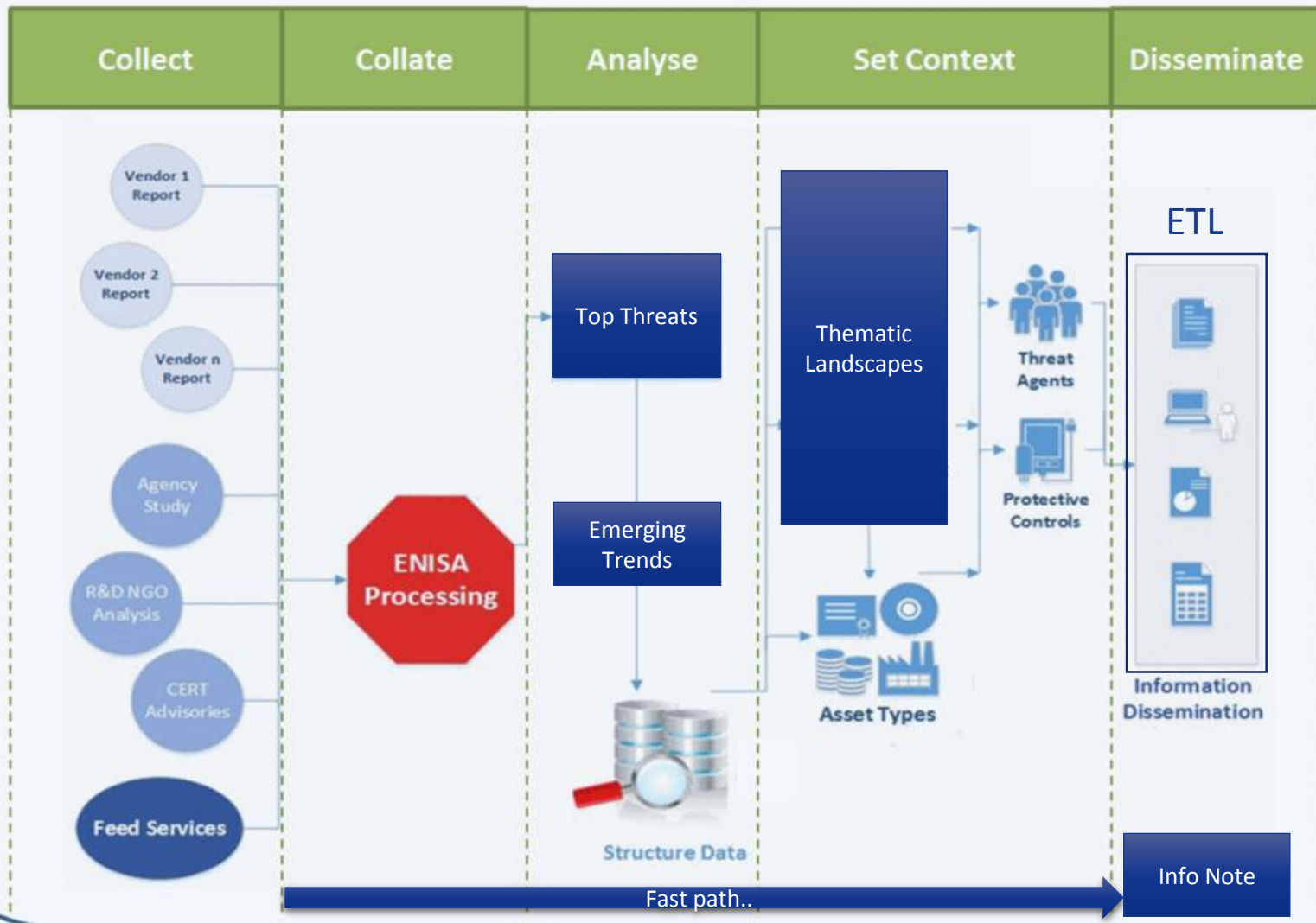
The ENISA Threat Landscape provides an overview of threats and current and emerging trends.

It is based on publicly available data and provides an independent view on observed threats, threat agents and threat trends.

Over 380 recent reports from a variety of resources have been analyzed.



ENISA Threat Analysis Process

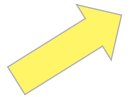


Topics covered:



Risk: [Asset, Vulnerabilities, Controls],
[Threat, Threat Agent],
[Impact, Value, Influence]

Dynamics



The top threats



Top Threats 2014	Assessed Trends 2014	Top Threats 2015	Assessed Trends 2015	Change in ranking
1. Malicious code: Worms/Trojans	↑	1. Malware	↑	→
2. Web-based attacks	↑	2. Web based attacks	↑	→
3. Web application /Injection attacks	↑	3. Web application attacks	↑	→
4. Botnets	↓	4. Botnets	↓	→
5. Denial of service	↑	5. Denial of service	↑	→
6. Spam	↓	6. Physical damage/theft/loss	↔	↑
7. Phishing	↑	7. Insider threat (malicious, accidental)	↑	↑
8. Exploit kits	↓	8. Phishing	↔	↓
9. Data breaches	↑	9. Spam	↓	↓
10. Physical damage/theft /loss	↑	10. Exploit kits	↑	↓

HIGHLIGHTS: GOOD STUFF



- Orchestrated actions to take down malicious infrastructure and analyse incidents to increase attribution.
- Strengthening of governmental awareness, cyber-defence expenses, capabilities and level of cooperation among states.
- Many developments in threat intelligence: proliferation of information sharing, tools and products to enhance awareness, preparedness and efficiency of defence.
- R&D to accommodate changes of the cyber-threat landscape to existing protection measures and methods and tools.

HIGHLIGHTS: NOT SO GOOD



- Persistent attacks based on hardware, far below the “radar” of available defence tools and methods.
- Enhancements in the provision of “cyber-crime-as-a-service”, tool developments for non-experts and affiliate programmes.
- Highly efficient malware weaponisation and infection tools based on detected vulnerabilities.
- Highly profitable operation of malicious infrastructures and malware campaigns to breach data and ransom.

POLICY CONCLUSIONS



- Make threat intelligence **inherent part of the national cyber-defence capabilities.**
- Perform **analysis of reported incidents** and recycle results for better planning of defences.
- **Disseminate cyber-threat knowledge** to all players in cyberspace.

BUSINESS CONCLUSIONS



- Simplify content of threat intelligence to achieve wider dissemination in the stakeholder community.
- Elaborate on threat agent models and make it inherent part of threat intelligence.
- Create correlated, contextualized threat information to increase timespan and relevance.
- Invest in better vulnerability management and exploitation of dark web.

RESEARCH CONCLUSIONS



- Develop **applied statistic models** to increase comparability of cyber-threat and incident information.
- Develop new models for **seamlessly operated security controls** to be included in complex, smart end-user environments.
- Develop **trust models for the ad hoc interoperability** of devices within smart environments.

Security Community: GO INNOVATE!



- **Right-place Threat Intel**
(enable it within companies of any size)
- **Apply landscaping principles**
(risks, assets, protection)
- **Use threat landscaping to test protection** (simulate reality)



Thank you for your attention



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